Recommendations Nowa's Health and Long Term Care Workforce - An Action Plan for Behavioral Health Iowa Mental Health and Disability Service					
Dec 2007 - IDPH	Workforce Development - SAMHSA –	Workforce Review –			
	Annapolis Coalition 2007	DHS & Annapolis Coalition – March 2008			
Short term recommendations:	MH workforce - Notable lack of racial and cultural	Global recommendations			
	diversity and lack of geographic distribution				
1. Establishment of the Iowa Health Workforce Center	SA workforce – workforce needs as a result of	Increase the use of peer supports and peer			
	identified prevalence is staggering – primarily older white female workforce	operated services			
Expansion of loan repayment programs	Trends of SA workforce and behavioral health field –	Enhance clinical competence through			
Developing or expanding loan forgiveness and loan	Workforce and treatment capacity insufficient to meet	strengthened infrastructure - creation of an			
repayment programs	demand, increased co-occurring disorders, increased	ongoing workforce collaborative, as well as a			
b. Increasing the number of available Iowa	public financing of treatment and declining private	Center for Clinical Competence and Training			
residencies/internships	coverage, paradigm shifts, such as recovery model of	Institute			
c. Providing technical assistance to communities trying to recruit and/or plan	care, escalation to change practices to best practices and evidence based interventions, need to understand	 Systematically prepare the system to develop, implement and sustain evidence based practices for 			
d. Creating mentoring programs, preceptorships,	medications, services in nonbehavioral settings,	lowa.			
team based approaches and other similar strategies	requirements for performance measures and				
to prevent turnover/increase retention	outcomes, and climate of ongoing discrimination.				
3. Continue efforts to increase Medicare/Medicaid	MH productivity reduced because of administrative	4. Provide incentives for recruitment and retention			
reimbursement for lowa so providers are able to	burdens, low pay, absence of career ladders, excessive	of behavioral and developmental specialists. –			
pay health professionals at rates that are	workloads, tenuous job security, lack of supervision, and an inability to influence the system they work for	establish a pool of dollars to offer financial incentives			
competitive with other states 4. Raise public awareness of the shortages and impact	Pg. 3 – Persons in recovery and their family members	5. Increase opportunities for integration of			
 - expanded public awareness of the shortages and 	are explicitly recognized as pivotal members of the	behavioral and primary care – adults with serious			
impacts will expand t he conversations around the	workforce, as they have critical roles in caring for	mental health conditions die 25 years younger than			
state on these issues and get more people involved	themselves and each other, whether informally	their age cohorts with diagnoses and frequency of			
in addressing them.	through self-help and family caregiving or more	co-occurring conditions			
	formally through organized peer and family support				
Long term recommendations	Services.	6. Systematically evaluate the effectiveness of			
Continue with item 3 in short term recommends	Critical shortage of child & adolescent psychiatrists Shortfall of providers with expertise in geriatrics	lowa's behavioral and disability workforce efforts			
Continue with item 2 in short term recommends	SA-50% turnover in front line staff – lack of technology	A Report Prioritizing a Potential Shortage of			
Maintain and improve data	SA & MH-lack of cultural diversity, culturally and	Licensed Health Care Professionals in Iowa			
collection/tracking/accessibility	linguistically incompetent	May 2005			
4. Sustain recruitment/retention/training programs	7 strategic goals	Professions serving the mental health needs of			
that are working	Broaden concept of workforce	lowans have the highest combined percentage of			
a. PRIMECARRE – Iowa Loan Repayment	Significantly expand the role of individuals in	licensees age 55 and older and are, therefore, at			
Program – 2 yr practice commitment in HPSA - \$15,000 to \$30,000 per year	recovery, and their families and ultimately direct, or accept responsibility for t heir own care; provide care	greatest risk of having a shortage of workers. 1. All licensing boards should collect a uniform			
b. National Health Service Corps Loan	and supports to others; and educate the workforce.	minimum data set of employment information			
Repayment Program and Scholarship	2. Expand the role and capacity of communities to	regarding their constituents			
Program	effectively identify their needs and promote	2. The work of Iowa's Office of Statewide Clinical			
c. 3R Net – a job search web site devoted	behavioral health and wellness.	Education Program should be expanded to include			
exclusively to rural health care recruitment	Strengthen the workforce	all health professionals.			
d. The J-1 Visa Waiver Program for foreign	3. implement systematic recruitment and retention	3. Each profession should develop its own working definition of workforce shortage			
medical graduates DMU, U. of Iowa have either scholarship, Ioan	strategies at the federal, state and local levels Training stipends, tuition assistance, and loan	4. Professional associations should closely monitor			
repayment programs or both.	forgiveness, wages and benefits commensurate with	issues within their profession.			
	education, experience, and levels of responsibility,	5. Health occupational trend data should be used			
Federal grants received to create a total of seven area	comprehensive public relations campaign, career	in planning formal and continuing education			
health education centers (AHEC) -	ladders (pg 18 has summary of wants)	programs.			
, ,	L. A. Cararaga Analytica and advanting	6. This study should be replicated using data from			
Educating students about career options and to	4. increase training and education	,			
Educating students about career options and to provide clinic training sites for students and CEU	increase training and education actively foster leadership throughout workforce	non-licensed health professionals.			
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